

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Section 1. Chemical Product and Company Identification	
Product name/ Trade Name Rapid Refloor Part A POLYETHER POLYOL	IN CASE OF EMERGENCY: INFOTRAC: 1-800-535-5053 INFORMATION: 1 800 223-6680
Manufacturer Metzger McGuire Co. PO Box 2217 Concord, NH 03302	
Date of Preparation: 04-02-09	Replaces: 02-16-09
Preparers Name Andrew Spinney	

Section 2. Composition, Information on Ingredients			
<i>Component Information</i>		<i>Exposure Limits</i>	
<i>Chemical Name</i>	<i>CAS#</i>	<i>TLV(ppm)ACGIH</i>	<i>OSHA PEL, TWA</i>
<i>Polyether Polyol</i>	<i>Proprietary</i>	<i>Not Established</i>	<i>Not Established</i>
<i>4,4-Methylenebis (N-Sec-Butylaniline); Benzenamine, 4,4-Methylenebis(N-Methylpropyl)</i>	5285-60-9	<i>Not Listed</i>	<i>Not Listed</i>
<i>2,2 dimethyl-1-(methlethal)-1,3-propanediyl bis(2-methylpropanoate</i>	6846-50-0	<i>Not Listed</i>	<i>Not Listed</i>

TLV™-Threshold Limit Value exposure (8 hour, time weighted average unless otherwise noted) established by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. PEL - OSHA Permissible Exposure Limit. N/E indicates that no exposure limit has been established.

Section 3. Hazards Identification	
Always wear personal protective equipment when handling this product or when performing machining operations on cured resins.	
Potential Health Effects <input type="checkbox"/> Skin contact	Primary Routes of Exposure: <input type="checkbox"/> Skin Absorption <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Eye Contact <input type="checkbox"/> Inhalation <input type="checkbox"/> Ingestion
Routes of Exposure	Symptoms
Inhalation	Low vapor pressure of the polyol makes inhalation unlikely in normal use.
Skin	Slight irritant. Not readily absorbed by skin in toxic amounts.
Eyes	May cause slight eye irritation, redness and pain.
Ingestion	Harmful if swallowed. May cause nausea and irritation to the gastrointestinal tract.
Chronic	The effects of long-term, low-level exposures to this product have not been determined. Safe handling of this material on a long-term basis should emphasize the minimizing contact and using appropriate personal protective equipment.
Carcinogenicity	OSHA: Not Regulated NTP: Not Listed IARC: Not Listed

Section 4. First Aid Measures	
Eyes	Immediately wash the eyes with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the lower and upper lids. Get medical attention immediately.
Skin	Immediately wash the contaminated skin with soap and water. If this chemical penetrates the clothing, immediately remove the clothing, wash the skin with soap and water, and get medical attention.
Inhalation	Immediately move the exposed person to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may administer oxygen. Get medical if symptoms persist.
Ingestion	If large quantities have been swallowed, DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. If victim is conscious and alert, give 2 - 4 cups of lukewarm water. Get medical attention.

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Section 5. Fire Fighting Measures	
Extinguishing Media: <input type="checkbox"/> Water <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Carbon Dioxide <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dry Chemical <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Foam <input type="checkbox"/> Alcohol Foam	
Flash Point	>200°F SETA Flash LEL: N/D UEL: N/D
Flammability Classification OSHA/NFPA	Flash Pt. N/A Class Liquid
Extinguishing Media	Carbon dioxide, dry chemical, foam.
Unusual Fire and Explosions Hazards	Isolate fire area and deny unnecessary entry. Fire fighters should wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing. Cool closed containers with WATER SPRAY to avoid rupture. Heat from fire can generate vapor and decomposition products that may cause a health hazard.

Section 6. Accidental Release Measures	
ISOLATE AREA OF THE SPILL! Eliminate all ignition sources. Soak up small spills with inert solids such as vermiculite or other absorbent materials. Shovel into suitable disposal container. Persons not wearing protective equipment should be excluded from the area of spill until cleanup has been completed.	

Section 7. Handling & Storage	
Store material in a clean, cool, ventilated area away from all sources of ignition. Clean up spills at once. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Avoid skin and eye contact. Avoid breathing vapors if generated. Always wear protective equipment. Wash hands and other exposed areas thoroughly after handling. Provide appropriate ventilation/respiratory protection against nuisance dust during sanding/grinding of cured product.	

Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Exposure	
Eye Protection	Avoid splashing. Wear chemical-resistant safety goggles or face shield. Contact lenses must not be worn.
Skin Protection	Chemical resistant synthetic rubber (neoprene, nitrile) gloves and other protective clothing is recommended to prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact.
Respiratory Protection	If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by area ventilation, wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in section 2.
Ventilation	General area ventilation is acceptable if the exposure is maintained below applicable exposure limits. (See Section 2) Local exhaust is recommended for confined areas. See 29 CFR 1910.146
Other Precautions	Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure.

Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties			
Percent Volatile Content by Volume(PBV) or Weight (PBW)	0.00%	Specific Gravity (gm/cc)	1.1
VOC Content (less water) Note 1	0.00%	Weight per Gallon	9.18
Boiling Point	N/E	Evaporation Rate	N/A
Vapor Pressure (mm Hg)	N/E	Solubility in Water	N/A
Vapor Density (Air=1)	N/E	Appearance and Odor	Oily liquid, polyol

Section 10. Stability and Reactivity	
Stability	Stable
Conditions to Avoid	Protect from heat, sparks, flame and possible sources of ignition.
Incompatibility	Avoid contact with strong acids and bases

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Hazardous Decomposition Products	Fumes produced when heated to decomposition may contain Carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, aldehydes and other hazardous gases.
Hazardous Polymerization	Mixing large quantities of polyol and diisocyanates will generate significant heat. Uncontrolled cure conditions may char and decompose the resultant polymer generating unidentified toxic fumes and vapors.

Section 11. Toxicological Information Acute Toxicity (see Section 3. for Exposure Symptoms)			
<i>Chemical Identity</i>	<i>ORAL LD 50</i>	<i>DERMAL LD 50</i>	<i>Inhalation LC 50</i>
2,2 dimethyl-1-(methlethal)-1,3-propanediyl bis(2-methylpropanoate)	>3200 mg/kg	>18900 mg/kg	>5.3 mg/L/6h
4,4-Methylenebis (N-Sec-Butylaniline); Benzenamine, 4,4-Methylenebis(N-Methylpropyl)	1400 mg/kg	No information	No Information

Section 12. Ecological Information
Material has not been tested for potential adverse effects to the environment.

Section 13 Disposal Considerations
RCRA: This product, if disposed as shipped, is not considered a hazardous waste as specified in 40 CFR 261. Dispose of in accordance with all applicable federal, state and local regulations.

Section 14 Transportation Information	
This product if offered for shipment is not regulated by USDOT 49 CFR Parts 171 - 180: Regulation of Hazardous Materials Transportation in Commerce.	
Shipping Information	Not Hazardous
Classification	N/A
Identification	N/A
Packing Group	N/A
Label	N/A

Section 15. Regulatory Information				
<i>Regulations Governing Product:</i>				
Inventory Status: United States (TSCA) - All ingredients are on the inventory or exempt from listing.				
SARA TITLE III				
EPCRA 311/312 Tier II Chemical Inventory Reporting:		Immediate (acute)		
	Health	Flammability	Chemical Reactivity	
HMIS Rating	1	1	0	
<i>Regulations Governing Ingredients</i>				
<i>Chemical Name</i>	<i>CAS #/ Category#</i>	<i>CERCLA RQ</i>	<i>EPCRA 313 RQ</i>	<i>EPCRA 302 RQ EHS</i>

Section 16 Other Information
REFERENCES
CRC Press: Handbook of Chemical and Physical Constants by David R. Lide; Merck & Company: The Merck Index, Sigma-Aldrich Company: Aldrich Handbook of Fine Chemicals; Dictionary of Toxicology by Robert Lewis, US Department of Transportation, Research and Special Programs Administration: Hazardous Materials Table

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MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Section 1. Chemical Product and Company Identification	
Product name/ Trade Name Rapid Refloor Part B (ISO) POLYURETHANE PREPOLYMER	IN CASE OF EMERGENCY: INFOTRAC: 1-800-535-5053 INFORMATION: 1 800 223-6680
Manufacturer Metzger McGuire Co PO Box 2217 Concord, NH 03302	
Date of Preparation: 04-02-09	Replaces: 02-16-09
Preparers Name: Andrew Spinney	

Section 2. Composition, Information on Ingredients			
Component Information		Exposure Limits	
Chemical Name	CAS#	TLV(ppm)ACGIH	OSHA PEL, TWA
Methylene Bisphenyl Isocyanate (MDI)	101-68-8	.005ppm .051 mg/m ³	.02 ppm .20 mg/m ³

TLV™-Threshold Limit Value exposure (8 hour, time weighted average unless otherwise noted) established by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. PEL - OSHA Permissible Exposure Limit. N/E indicates that no exposure limit has been established.

Section 3. Hazards Identification	
WARNING! This product contains isocyanates which readily react with body moisture causing eye and skin irritation. May cause allergic respiratory reaction. May cause skin sensitization and dermatitis. Avoid inhaling fumes.	
Potential Health Effects	Primary Routes of Exposure: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Skin contact <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Skin Absorption <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Eye Contact <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Inhalation <input type="checkbox"/> Ingestion
Routes of Exposure	Symptoms
Inhalation	Inhalation of vapors can cause burning sensation in the respiratory tract with running nose, sore throat, coughing chest discomfort and reduced lung function.
Skin	Can cause skin irritation such as blistering, swelling, redness and rashes.
Eyes	Exposure to vapors and mist can cause irritation, pain, conjunctivitis and corneal edema.
Ingestion	Harmful if swallowed. Can cause abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.
Chronic	Prolonged contact with skin can result in respiratory sensitization. Repeated inhalation exposure may cause lung damage and asthma.
Carcinogenicity	OSHA: Not Regulated NTP: Not Listed IARC: Not Listed

Section 4. First Aid Measures	
Eyes	Immediately wash the eyes with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the lower and upper lids. Get medical attention immediately.
Skin	Immediately wash the contaminated skin with soap and water. If this chemical penetrates the clothing, immediately remove the clothing, wash the skin with soap and water, and get medical attention.
Inhalation	Immediately move the exposed person to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may administer oxygen. Get medical if symptoms persist.
Ingestion	If large quantities have been swallowed, DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. If victim is conscious and alert, give 2 - 4 cups of lukewarm water. Get medical attention.

Section 5. Fire Fighting Measures	
Extinguishing Media: <input type="checkbox"/> Water <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Carbon Dioxide <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dry Chemical <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Foam <input type="checkbox"/> Alcohol Foam	
Flash Point	>200°F SETA Flash LEL: N/D UEL: N/D
Flammability Classification OSHA/NFPA	Flash Pt. N/A Class Liquid
Extinguishing Media	Carbon dioxide, dry chemical, foam.

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Unusual Fire and Explosions Hazards	Isolate fire area and deny unnecessary entry. Fire fighters should wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing. Cool closed containers with WATER SPRAY to avoid explosion. Heat from fire can generate vapor and decomposition products that may cause a health hazard.
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Section 6. Accidental Release Measures	
ISOLATE AREA OF THE SPILL! Eliminate all ignition sources. Soak up small spills with inert solids such as vermiculite or other absorbent materials. Shovel into suitable disposal container. Persons not wearing protective equipment should be excluded from the area of spill until cleanup has been completed.	

Section 7. Handling & Storage	
Store material in a clean, cool, ventilated area away from all sources of ignition. Clean up spills at once. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. This product reacts readily with moisture generating heat and gas. Avoid mixing with water. Always wear protective equipment. Wash hands and other exposed areas thoroughly after handling. Provide appropriate ventilation/respiratory protection against nuisance dust during sanding/grinding of cured product.	

Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Exposure	
Eye Protection	Avoid splashing. Wear chemical-resistant safety goggles or face shield. Contact lenses must not be worn.
Skin Protection	Chemical resistant synthetic rubber (neoprene, nitrile) gloves and other protective clothing are recommended to prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact.
Respiratory Protection	If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by area ventilation, wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in section 2.
Ventilation	General area ventilation is acceptable if the exposure is maintained below applicable exposure limits. (See Section 2) Local exhaust is recommended for confined areas. See 29 CFR 1910.146
Other Precautions	Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure.

Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties			
Percent Volatile Content by Volume(PBV) or Weight (PBW)	0.00%	Specific Gravity (gm/cc)	1.14
VOC Content	0.00%	Weight per Gallon	9.52
Boiling Point	N/E	Evaporation Rate	N/E
Vapor Pressure (mm Hg)	N/E	Solubility in Water	Slight
Vapor Density (Air=1)	1.4	Appearance and Odor	Yellow, Isocyanate

Section 10. Stability and Reactivity	
Stability	Stable Unstable
Conditions to Avoid	Protect from heat, sparks, flame and possible sources of ignition.
Incompatibility	Avoid contact with strong acids and bases
Hazardous Decomposition Products	Fumes produced when heated to decomposition may contain Carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, aldehydes and other hazardous gases.
Hazardous Polymerization	Mixing large quantities of pre-polymer and polyol will generate significant heat. Uncontrolled cure conditions may char and decompose the resultant polymer generating unidentified toxic fumes and vapors.

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Section 11. Toxicological Information Acute Toxicity (see Section 3. for Exposure Symptoms)			
<i>Chemical Identity</i>	<i>ORAL LD 50</i>	<i>DERMAL LD 50</i>	<i>Inhalation LC 50</i>
<i>Methylene Bisphenyl Isocyanate (MDI)</i>	>5000 mg/kg	>10000 mg/kg	490 mg/m ³ /4h as aerosol

Section 12. Ecological Information
Material has not been tested for potential adverse effects to the environment.

Section 13 Disposal Considerations
RCRA: This product, if disposed as shipped, is not considered a hazardous waste as specified in 40 CFR 261. Dispose of in accordance with all applicable federal, state and local regulations.

Section 14 Transportation Information	
This product if offered for shipment is not regulated by USDOT 49 CFR Parts 171 - 180: Regulation of Hazardous Materials Transportation in Commerce.	
Shipping Information	
Classification	
Identification	
Packing Group	
Label	

Section 15. Regulatory Information				
<i>Regulations Governing Product:</i>				
Inventory Status: United States (TSCA) - All ingredients are on the inventory or exempt from listing.				
SARA TITLE III				
EPCRA 311/312 Tier II Chemical Inventory Reporting:		Immediate (acute)		
	Health	Flammability	Chemical Reactivity	
HMIS Rating	2	1	1	
<i>Regulations Governing Ingredients</i>				
<i>Chemical Name</i> <i>Methylene Bisphenyl Isocyanate (MDI)</i>	<i>CAS #/ Category#</i> 101-68-8	<i>CERCLA RQ</i> 5,000 lbs	<i>EPCRA 313 RQ</i>	<i>EPCRA 302 RQ EHS</i>

Section 16 Other Information

REFERENCES

CRC Press: Handbook of Chemical and Physical Constants by David R. Lide
 Merck & Company: The Merck Index
 Dictionary of Toxicology by Robert Lewis
 J.J. Keller & Associates: Chemical Ratings Guide HMIS III
 US Department of Transportation, Research and Special Programs Administration: Hazardous Materials Table

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