

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Metzger McGuire Co

AMINE CURING AGENT

<i>Section 1. Chemical Product and Company Identification</i>	
Product name/ (Part B) Trade Name Amine Curing Agent MM-80P Manufacturer Metzger McGuire Co. PO Box 2217 Concord, NH 03302	IN CASE OF EMERGENCY: INFOTRAC: 1.800.535.5053 INFORMATION: 1.800.223.6680
Date of Preparation: 1/21/08	Replaces: 0-00-00
Preparers Name: Peter E. Spinney	

<i>Section 2. Composition, Information on Ingredients</i>			
<i>Component Information</i>		<i>Exposure Limits</i>	
Chemical Name	CAS#	TLV (ppm) ACGIH	OSHA PEL, TWA
Proprietary Mixture	Trade Secret	N/E	N/E

<i>Section 3. Hazards Identification</i>			
CAUTION! May cause eye irritation. May cause skin irritation with prolonged contact. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not take internally.			
Potential Health Effects		Primary Routes of Exposure:	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Skin contact	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Skin Absorption	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Eye Contact	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Inhalation <input type="checkbox"/> Ingestion
Routes of Exposure	Symptoms		
Eyes	Contact with product may cause irritation, pain and transient edema.		
Skin	Contact with product may cause irritation, itching and discomfort.		
Inhalation	Inhalation of vapor may cause irritation to the respiratory tract with coughing and chest pain.		
Ingestion	Swallowing this material can cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea and vomiting.		
Effects of Chronic Overexposure	Prolonged or repeated exposure can cause sensitization resulting in itching, swelling or rashes on subsequent exposures.		
Carcinogenicity	OSHA: N/L	IARC: N/L	NTP: N/L

<i>Section 4. First Aid Measures</i>	
Eyes	Immediately wash the eyes with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the lower and upper lids. Get medical attention immediately.
Skin	Immediately wash the contaminated skin with soap and water. If this chemical penetrates the clothing, immediately remove the clothing, wash the skin with soap and water, and get medical attention.
Inhalation	Immediately move the exposed person to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may administer oxygen. Get medical attention if symptoms persist.
Ingestion	If large quantities have been swallowed, DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. If victim is conscious and alert, give 2 - 4 cups of lukewarm water. Get medical attention.

<i>Section 5. Fire Fighting Measures</i>	
Extinguishing Media:	
<input type="checkbox"/> Water	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Carbon Dioxide <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dry Chemical <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Foam <input type="checkbox"/> Alcohol Foam
Flash Point	>200°F SETA Flash LEL: N/D UEL: N/D
Flammability Classification OSHA/NFPA	Flash Pt. N/A Class Liquid
Extinguishing Media	Carbon dioxide, dry chemical, foam.
Unusual Fire and Explosions Hazards	Isolate fire area and deny unnecessary entry. Fire fighters should wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing. Cool closed containers with WATER SPRAY to avoid explosion.

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Heat from fire can generate vapor and decomposition products that may cause a health hazard.

Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

ISOLATE AREA OF THE SPILL! Eliminate all ignition sources. Soak up small spills with inert solids such as vermiculite or other absorbent materials. Shovel into suitable disposal container. Persons not wearing protective equipment should be excluded from the area of spill until cleanup has been completed.

Section 7. Handling & Storage

Store material in a clean, cool, ventilated area away from all sources of ignition. Clean up spills at once. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Always wear protective equipment. Wash hands and other exposed areas thoroughly after handling. Handle mixed resin and hardener in accordance with the potential hazard of the curing agent used. Provide appropriate ventilation/respiratory protection against nuisance dust during sanding/grinding of cured product.

Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Exposure

Eye Protection	Avoid splashing. Wear chemical-resistant safety goggles or face shield. Contact lenses must not be worn.
Skin Protection	Chemical resistant synthetic rubber (neoprene, nitrile) gloves and other protective clothing are recommended to prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact.
Respiratory Protection	If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by area ventilation, wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in section 2.
Ventilation	General area ventilation is acceptable if the exposure is maintained below applicable exposure limits. (See Section 2) Local exhaust is recommended for confined areas. See 29 CFR 1910.146
Other Precautions	Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure.

Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Percent Volatile Content by Volume (PBV) or Weight (PBW)	N/D	Specific Gravity (gm/cc)	1.29
VOC Content (less water)	N/D	Weight per Gallon	10.75 lbs.
Boiling Point	> 200°C	Evaporation Rate	N/A
Vapor Pressure (mm Hg)	< 0.13 mbar @ 20°C	Solubility in Water	Partial
Vapor Density (Air=1)	> 1	Appearance and Odor	Viscous liquid, amine

Section 10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability	Stable
Conditions to Avoid	Protect from heat, sparks, flame and possible sources of ignition.
Incompatibility	Avoid contact with strong acids and bases
Hazardous Decomposition Products	Fumes produced when heated to decomposition may contain carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, aldehydes and other hazardous gases.
Hazardous Polymerization	Mixing large quantities of resin and hardener will generate significant heat. Uncontrolled cure conditions may char and decompose the resin generating unidentified toxic fumes and vapors.

Section 11. Toxicological Information Acute Toxicity (see Section 3. for Exposure Symptoms)

Chemical Identity	ORAL LD 50	DERMAL LD 50	Inhalation LC 50

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Section 12. Ecological Information

Material has not been tested for potential adverse effects to the environment.

Section 13 Disposal Considerations

RCRA: This product, if disposed as shipped, is not considered a hazardous waste as specified in 40 CFR 261. Dispose of in accordance with all applicable federal, state and local regulations.

Section 14 Transportation Information

This product if offered for shipment is not regulated by US DOT 49 CFR Parts 171 - 180: Regulation of Hazardous Materials for Transportation in Commerce.

Shipping Information	Polyamines, Liquid, Corrosive N.O.S. Contains Diethylenetriamine
Classification	8
Identification	UN 1719
Packing Group	111
Label	Corrosive

Section 15. Regulatory Information

Regulations Governing Product:

Inventory Status: United States (TSCA) - All ingredients are on the inventory or exempt from listing.

SARA TITLE III

EPCRA 311/312 Tier II Chemical Inventory Reporting:

Immediate (acute)

	Health	Flammability	Chemical Reactivity
HMIS	3	1	0

Regulations Governing Ingredients

Chemical Name	CAS #/ Category#	CERCLA RQ	EPCRA 313 RQ	EPCRA 302 RQ EHS
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Section 16 Other Information

REFERENCES

CRC Press: Handbook of Chemical and Physical Constants by David R. Lide

Merck & Company: The Merck Index

Sigma-Aldrich Company: Aldrich Handbook of Fine Chemicals

Dictionary of Toxicology by Robert Lewis

US Department of Transportation, Research and Special Programs Administration: Hazardous Materials Table

The information contained herein is accurate to the best of our knowledge. However, neither Metzger McGuire Co. nor any of its representatives assume any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information. All chemicals may present unknown health hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards may be described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that may exist. The final determination of the suitability of this product in any application is the sole responsibility of the end user.